SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES:
Current Epidemiology and STD Resources

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Reportable STDs in NJ
- Chlamydia
- Gonorrhea
- Syphilis
- Chancroid
- Granuloma Inguinale
- Lymphogranuloma Venereum

NJ STD Reporting Requirements...
- New Jersey Administrative Code, Title 8 Health and Senior Services, Chapter 57 Communicable Diseases (NJAC 8:57)
- nj.gov/health > search health topics A-Z > Sexually Transmitted Diseases
- Laboratories must report a positive result within 24 hours of completion of testing
- Medical providers must report 48 hours after diagnosis and/or treatment
NJ STD Reporting Requirements…cont.

- Health care providers shall immediately report to the State STD Program by electronic transfer, fax, phone, or mail.
- The name, age, date of birth, gender, race, ethnicity, home address, and telephone number of the person who is ill or infected with such disease.
- The date of onset of illness/symptoms, date of test, and laboratory used.
- The name, address, and telephone number of the reporting health care provider and doctor.

NJ STD 11 Reporting Form

Surveillance Data Management Flow

- New Jersey State Laboratory (electronic)
- LabCorp, Quest, BioReference (electronic)
- Major hospitals and other laboratories
- Communicable Disease Reporting and Surveillance System (CDRSS)
- Initiation of field investigations by surveillance staff
CDRSS
Communicable Disease Reporting and Surveillance System
- Manages all reportable communicable diseases; STD management was integrated in April 2011
- Major commercial and hospital laboratories have been reporting STDs electronically since 2011
- Infection control staffs of major hospitals and STD clinics have been trained to enter treatment and demographics (after lab has entered positive tests)
- Web enabled via Internet Explorer 24/7
- Private providers will not be given direct access; they will be faxing reports directly to the State

NJ STD CLINIC LOCATIONS AND SCHEDULES
- Complete listing can be found online at: http://www.state.nj.us/health/std/locations
- On this page, you can click on a specific county to see their locations and/or print out the complete list for the state.

Comparison between 2010 and 2011 (Preliminary) Stats
- Primary & Secondary Syphilis – Decreased by a little over 10%!! (Last year, 15% increase)
- Early Latent Syphilis – Increased by a little over 7% (Last year, 6% decrease)
- Chlamydia – Increased by 2% (Last year, 12% increase)
- Gonorrhea – Increased by over 27% (Last year, 26% increase)
NJ Early Latent Syphilis: Gender and Age - 2011

- Reporting Race and Ethnicity!!
  - Chlamydia w/unknown race – 56% (46% last year)
  - Gonorrhea w/unknown race – almost 44% (33% last year)
  - P & S Syphilis w/unknown race – little over 1%
  - Early Latent Syphilis w/unknown race – little over 1%
  - Accurate racial and ethnic reporting allows for the specific addressing of health disparities
  - Drives funding($$$$) and collaborations within the appropriate communities of NJ

"Building Lines of Defense"

- Infertility Prevention Program (IPP) – Planned Parenthood, juvenile detention centers, student health centers
- Syphilis Elimination Program – Jails, CBOs (ex., NJCRI)
- Local and County-run STD clinics
- Infectious Disease clinics
- NJ Prevention Health Education Network (NJPHEN) – links sexual health professionals and programs
STD Contact Information

NJDHSS STD Program
Patricia Mason, Manager
135 East State St., 2nd Floor, PO Box 369
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0369

NJ STD Main Number: 1(609) 826-4869
NJ STD Fax Number: 1(609) 826-4870
NJ STD/HIV Hotline: 1(800) 624-2377
Hepatitis B Hotline: 1(800) 792-8831
Public Health & Environmental Lab: 1(609) 292-5605
www.state.nj.us/health/njphen
www.nj.gov/health/std/stats.shtml

Questions & Answers

It's QUESTION TIME!!

Thank You!!!
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